

The Semi-Weekly Messenger

VOL XXXVII No 99.

WILMINGTON N. C., DECEMBER 13, 1904.

NO BAIL YET

Mrs Chadwick Continues To Occupy a Cell In The Tombs.

FUTURE ACTION

Mrs. Chadwick Will Probably Not Go to Ohio Without a Fight, Such a Move Being Opposed by All Her Counsel—A Bondsman Has Been Found, it is Said, Who Will Qualify in \$15,000 the Amount of Bail Demanded, on Monday—An Interesting Question is What Has Become of All the Money Mrs. Chadwick is Alleged to Have Raised—Efforts Will be Made to Locate Dr. Chadwick and His Daughter Who Are Traveling in Europe and the Case May Take on International Interest.

New York, December 10.—Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick is still confined in a cell in the tombs. Philip Carpenter her attorney, informed the Associated Press tonight that she would not go to Cleveland before Monday, and the belief is prevalent that she will not go to the Ohio city without a fight. Her counsel, both here and in Ohio, unite in opposing her voluntary departure from New York.

It was said late tonight that a bondsman has been found who will qualify in \$15,000, the amount of bail demanded by United States Commissioner Shields before whom Mrs. Chadwick was arraigned. The name of the person will not be made public until Monday when it is said he will sign the bond.

The matter according to the authority for the statement could have been settled today, but Mrs. Chadwick desired to remain in the tombs over Sunday that she might have more time to consider her future action. They would have given the necessary bail had they been able to do so without their names becoming public, but the law states that the identity of the bondsmen cannot be kept secret. It is also contrary to the court's ruling for a lawyer to give bail for his client.

Mrs. Chadwick remained quietly in her cell today receiving no callers other than her counsel, son and nurse. She availed herself of the privileges which allow prisoners to exercise in the corridor during certain hours and also read the papers besides receiving several letters and telegrams.

Relieved from the nervous tension which preceded her arrest, Mrs. Chadwick is recovering her normal physical condition. She had a severe attack of illness in the afternoon but readily responded to treatment and is much better tonight. Her appetite is good and she ate three hearty meals today. Just what has become of the money Mrs. Chadwick is alleged to have raised on loans is a question which is interesting the persons connected with the case.

It has been claimed that three years ago she settled \$2,500,000 on her husband, Dr. Leroy S. Chadwick and that since that time she has borrowed over \$500,000. A rumor is current tonight that efforts will be made at once to locate Dr. Chadwick and his daughter who sailed to Havre, France, on the steamer Savoie, from this port November 3. They have been reported from several places in Europe, but Mrs. Chadwick and her attorneys have kept their exact whereabouts a secret. Another matter of interest in the case is the statement that Dr. Chadwick is said to have given Herbert D. Newton, of Brookline, Mass., two checks aggregating \$50,000 in part payment for his wife's indebtedness and which are alleged to have come back from the bank from which they were drawn stamped "without funds."

It was intimated today that if Dr. Chadwick does not return from Europe soon these checks may figure in international proceedings.

Mrs. Chadwick received a note in her cell today informing her that the package held by Iri Reynolds of Cleveland had been opened and found valueless. She read the note carefully and with apparent interest but refused to make any statement.

MRS. CHADWICK'S SECURITIES.

An Authoritative Statement Concerning Them—They Amounted to Nearly \$14,000,000.

Cleveland, O., December 10.—The feature of today's developments in the financial transactions of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, was the disclosure that she had in her possession directly and indirectly, alleged securities to the amount of nearly \$14,000,000. These all bear the

name of Andrew Carnegie and are as follows:

Note held by Citizens National Bank of Oberlin \$500,000; note held by Citizens National Bank of Oberlin \$250,000; note admitted to exist by President Beckwith \$500,000; note held by Iri Reynolds \$5,000,000; certificate of trusteeship for securities held by Reynolds \$7,500,000; total \$13,750,000.

With this backing Mrs. Chadwick was enabled to obtain large loans during the last two or three years, most of which was paid however. The only financial institution that has so far as is known been compelled to close on account of the woman's dealings has been the Citizens National Bank of Oberlin, the president and cashier of which are now under indictment and under bail on the charge of misapplication of national bank funds.

The inducements offered the Oberlin bank officials were stated today to have been the promise of Mrs. Chadwick to Messrs. Beckwith and Spears that their bank was to be made the trustee of Mrs. Chadwick's \$5,000,000 estate and that the bankers were each to receive a yearly salary of \$10,000 for their services. An additional bonus of \$40,000 was promised the bank when the loans were repaid.

Rev. Dr. Charles A. Eaton, pastor of the Euclid Avenue Baptist church, through whose brother-in-law's firm in Boston Mrs. Chadwick first met Mr. Newton of Brookline, has refused to make any reply to Mr. Newton's statement today concerning the minister's connection with the case. Dr. Eaton's family reports him confined to his bed and inaccessible to interviewers. Dr. Eaton did, however, hear what Mr. Newton had to say about his (Newton's) transactions with Mrs. Chadwick.

The legal aspect of the case locally has taken on a new phase today by the appointment of a second receiver for the Chadwick property in behalf of Banker Newton. The appointment was vigorously opposed by Counsel, appointed by the Federal court a few days ago, to take over the Chadwick possessions. An attempted injunction to prevent the second receiver from acting was frustrated by his escaping service and obtaining possession of the Chadwick papers held by Iri Reynolds.

Attorney A. A. Stearns, representing Herbert D. Newton, of Brookline, Mass., made an authoritative statement today concerning the securities that were found in the packages left with Iri Reynolds by Mrs. Chadwick.

Package No. 1 contained a note made payable to Cassie L. Chadwick, dated May 20, 1902 for \$5,000,000 and payable in fifteen months. It was signed with the name of Andrew Carnegie.

In package No. 1 was also a trust agreement, dated February 27, 1901, and signed "Andrew Carnegie," purporting to be a receipt for securities delivered to Andrew Carnegie by Frederick R. Mason, deceased, uncle of Cassie L. Chadwick, the value of the securities being placed at \$7,500,000 and to be productive of income. These securities purported to be bonds of the United States Steel Corporation, the Caledonia Railway of Scotland and the Great Western Railway of England. Package No. 2 contained a duplicate copy of the trust agreement. Package No. 3, contained a promissory note for \$1,800 signed by Emily and Daniel Pine, and made payable to Cassie L. Chadwick and a mortgage securing the same.

The so called trust agreement reads as follows:

"Know all men by these presents that I, Andrew Carnegie, of New York city, do hereby acknowledge that I hold in trust for Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, wife of Dr. Leroy S. Chadwick, of 1824 Euclid avenue, City of Cleveland, county of Cuyahoga and State of Ohio, property assigned and delivered to me for said Cassie L. Chadwick by her uncle, Frederick R. Mason, in his life time (now deceased), which property is of the appraised value of ten million, two hundred and forty six thousand dollars (\$10,246,000.00) consisting of 2,500 shares of Great Western Railway stock of England and Wales, valued at two million one hundred dollars (\$2,000,100.00), 1,800 shares of Caledonian railway stock of Scotland, valued at one million, one hundred and forty six thousand dollars (\$1,146,000.00) and bonds of the United States Steel Corporation of New Jersey bearing five (5) per cent. interest, of par value of seven million dollars (\$7,000,000.00). The income from the above described property I agree to pay over to said Cassie L. Chadwick, semi-annually, between the first and fifteenth days of June and December of each year during the life of this trust, without any detention or charges for services or expenses of any kind, this trust to be and remain in full force until August 29th 1902. In case of the death of said Andrew Carnegie, said trust to terminate immediately, and said property income and all proceeds to vest, absolutely, both in law and equity, in said Cassie L. Chadwick. In case of the death of Cassie L. Chadwick, said trust to terminate immediately and all of said property, together with all income and proceeds thereof, to be transferred and turned over to the heirs at law or legal representative of said Cassie L. Chadwick.

"I further agree to faithfully carry out all of the above provisions and that all of said stocks and bonds have been endorsed over in the name of said Cassie L. Chadwick, so that no further or other act, will be necessary on my part, or on the part of my legal representatives, to put said Cassie L. Chadwick or her heirs-in-law in full possession of same on the termination of this trust.

"Witness my hand and seal this 27th day of February 1901.

(Signed.)

"ANDREW CARNEGIE.

United States District Attorney Sullivan.

(Continued on Fifth Page.)

ROOT AND DORLON ARE VICTORS.

GREAT THROUG WITNESSES FINISH OF SIX DAY RACE.

The Winners Covered 2,386.9 Miles During the 142 Hours They Were on the Track—The Record for the Time is 2,733 Miles, 4 Laps—All the Riders Finished in Fine Physical Condition.

New York, December 10.—Madison Square Garden was crowded with bicycle enthusiasts tonight to see the finish of the six day bicycle race. When the winners of the \$2,500 purse flashed across the line after a heart-breaking sprint between the leaders they were given an ovation. The teams finished as follows:

Root and Dorlon finished in the lead. Stoll and Vanderstuyft finished second. The other riders came in the following order:

Samuelson and Williams third; Keegan and Logan, fourth; Krebs and Pol-fifth; Breton and Gougoltz, sixth; Turville and Netting, seventh.

The final score was:

Root and Dorlon	2,386.9
Vanderstuyft and Stoll	2,386.5
Samuelson and Williams	2,386.4
Keegan and Logan	2,386.3
Krebs and Fogle	2,386.3
Breton and Gougoltz	2,386.3
Turville and Netting	2,385.9

The record for the time was 2,733 miles 4 laps.

The teams were on the track 142 hours and the race was concluded at 10 o'clock tonight.

Notwithstanding handicaps that threatened at one time to mar the success of the race matters were amicably settled, and the contest proved interesting and popular.

There were 6,000 spectators at the garden at 2 o'clock this morning, many of whom stayed through to the finish and all day long their numbers were augmented.

Root and Dorlon and Stoll and Vanderstuyft were the leading teams at daylight, but the chase was between Samuelson and Williams and Gougoltz and Breton, who seemed inspired with renewed courage. Root and Stoll were the best men on their respective teams, and they rode all day long with great dash and vim.

Samuelson, the holder of the unpaced mile record, electrified the spectators many times during the day by his spurts. Starting from the top of the high bank he would get a 25 yard start before the leaders could reach their highest speed. Once he gained half a lap, but after a stern chase of three miles Root and Dorlon caught him.

In the afternoon Logan and Keegan stole a lap after the hardest efforts and got within two laps of the leaders and one lap ahead of Gougoltz and Breton. The work of Keegan was especially noticeable as he suffered a fractured shoulder earlier in the week.

A feature of the riding tonight was the apparent freshness of the riders. They had been given no stimulants and despite the awful grind of the last six days they showed fine stamina. The race opened at 12:12 o'clock on Monday morning, with eighteen teams competing, but these gradually dwindled down until but seven were left to fight for the purse. Some of the competitors left the track because the demands of the races were beyond the limit of their endurance and a number of others quit, alleging that one of the teams stole a lap unfairly. The team which finally won the battle had been riding hard and fast all the week and the victory was anticipated.

Despite the distance attained by the winners it did not compare with the record 2,773 miles and 4 laps made by Miller and Waller in 1899.

COLLIDED WITH STREET CAR.

Automobile Said to Belong to Mrs. Pembroke Jones Collided With Car.

The following is taken from the New York Herald of December 9th:

"Two women and a boy alighted from an automobile at Twenty-fourth street and Broadway. The chauffeur then tried to cross the east side of the street in front of the Fifth Avenue Hotel.

The pavement was slippery and the machine "skidded" and struck a north-bound car. The front of the automobile was badly damaged, one of the big search lights being demolished and the other knocked from its fastenings.

The big touring automobile was said to belong to Mrs. Pembroke Jones, of No. 13, West Fifty-first street, who was one of the occupants.

The police of the traffic department, who are in charge of this junction, under Sergeant McCullough, were quickly on hand and there was no delay of the cars. After some minor repairs to the machinery the automobile proceeded.

THE LARGE COTTON CROP.

Government Report Shows Increases of 3.46 Per Cent. as to Acreage and 21 Per Cent. as to Number of Bales.

The price of spot cotton in New York yesterday was 8 cents and although the market in Wilmington was quoted as nominal, it was learned that 7½ cents was paid.

Several men who keep up with the cotton market say it is hard for them to see how the government can estimate the crop at 12,162,000 when the acreage is estimated in round numbers at 20,000,000. The acreage of the previous year was 23,907,000 and the crop in even numbers 10,000,000 bales. This shows an increase of 1,100,000 acres, or 3.46 per cent. over 1903, and the crop as reported, shows an increase of 2,162,000 bales, or 21 per cent. over that of 1903. According to this report the yield per acre has increased greatly over that of 1903 and many think the percentage in yield entirely out of proportion to the increase in acreage.

WHOLE CITY IN DANGER.

SERIOUS FIRE THAT THREATENED PORTSMOUTH.

The Fire for Several Hours Was Beyond Control of the Entire Department, but Was Finally Confined to the Block in Which it Started—The Lumber Yard of Robinson and Company Destroyed.

Norfolk, Va., December 11.—Fire that broke out at 1:30 this (Sunday) morning in the lumber yard of Robinson and Company, Portsmouth, is beyond control of the entire Portsmouth fire department and is sweeping through a whole block before a high wind. A shower of fire brands is falling on surrounding property. The fire district's bounded by High, Queen, Chestnut and Pine streets, and the property on it is devoted to a large lumber yard, a planing mill, lumber mill and sash and door factory.

At 2 o'clock there had been no check put to the progress of the fire, and the heart of the residential section of Portsmouth is in danger. A high northwest wind and freezing weather is adding to the difficulty in fighting the fire.

At 2:30 the fire was practically under control, but no estimate of the loss can be secured at this time.

At 3 o'clock the firemen have checked the flames in time to save the office building of the Robinson Company, situated at the extreme northern part of the block. The strong wind from the northwest aided in saving this portion of the property. The fire has been confined to the square in which it originated and the buildings destroyed are those used as planing mill, lumber mill and the sash and blind factory and power house. President Robinson of the lumber company says he is unable at this time to give any estimate of the loss.

STILL WANT EXPOSITION.

Virginia Members of Congress Not Willing for the Jamestown Celebration to be Abandoned.

Washington, December 10.—General Fitzhugh Lee, president of the Jamestown Exposition Company, had a talk with President Roosevelt today about the exposition. He thanked the President for his interest in the project, as expressed in his message. He referred to the announcement that the subcommittee of the House committee on industrial arts and exhibitions had decided not to recommend an appropriation for the Jamestown Exposition, but would recommend that provision be made for a naval display there. The promoters of the enterprise expected that an appropriation would be made by the government for the exposition and they feel that, as they favored the appropriations for the St. Louis and Portland expositions, they ought to have similar treatment. The Virginia members of Congress will make a contest for the appropriation.

NO EXTRA SESSION IN SPRING.

Congress May be Called Together in the Fall to Revise the Tariff.

Washington, December 10.—No extraordinary session of Congress will be held next Spring for a revision of the tariff. That has been decided definitely. The question of an extraordinary session next fall is in abeyance.

President Roosevelt announced this decision to several of his callers today. The President said he had abandoned any idea of convening Congress in the Spring, as it did not seem practicable to hold a session for tariff revision at that time. He indicated, however, that he might call a session for next fall, although no absolute determination of that point yet has been reached. In view of this decision the President told Representative Cooper of Texas, that he had decided to make a southern trip early next Spring.

W. S. Tebbetts, collector of customs at Mobile, Ala., on behalf of the city government of Mobile, invited the President to visit that city on his southern trip. Later the invitation will be extended formally in writing.

CITY HALL BOARDER.

A White Man Who Gladly Accepts Opportunities to Spend the Night at the City Hall.

The great majority of people look with horror upon spending a night in a cell at the city hall but now and then a man can be found who is willing enough to spend the night there and a white man of this description appeared at the city hall on Friday night. Captain Williams gave him lodging for the night and yesterday morning he wandered forth and was seen no more until just after night-fall. He was then found at Front and Princess in such a drunken condition that he could not stand up and an officer placed him under arrest and told him he would have to spend the night at the city hall. "I don't care," he replied. "I was expecting to go there to spend the night anyway and suppose I had just as well go now as later."

The patrol was summoned and in a few minutes the drunken man who was without a home was lying in a cell at the city hall.

GRIDIRON

WASHINGTON SPEND

The Recent

Subject

and Son

ed—Two

the Ex

Cabin

sentat

ficial

Washington, December

dinner of the Gridiron Club

son was given at the Arlington

tonight and the beautifully

dining room rang with merriment

more than four hours, greatly

delight of the two hundred persons

ent. The recent election afforded

famous club of Washington correspon-

dents an opportunity to make mirth at

the expense of both the successful and

the defeated parties, prominent repre-

sentatives of both being present to en-

joy the quips and burlesques which

were presented with Gridiron humor

and pleasantry. Cabinet officers, Sena-

tors, Representatives, diplomats and

other officials were there to be put on

the gridiron and also to appreciate the

clever skits which had been concocted

for their especial benefit.

An attempt to reorganize the Demo-

cratic party in which Cleveland, Bryan,

Watson, Debs, Davis, Taggart and

others were personated by members

of the club, and into which a fortune

teller, full of wit and alive to the gen-

eral situation, injected himself made the

hit of the evening.

The initiation of two members, Phil-

ander Johnson of the Washington Star

and Richard H. Lindsay of the Kansas

City Star afforded great amusement.

The "Twin Stars," "Stars of the Even-

ing" and "Beautiful Stars," intertwined

with the personal characteristics of

each, resulted in pleasing situations.

The dead letter office, to which a

member of the club had recently been

appointed chief, was opened and some

curious and unheard of letters relating

to prominent guests were unearthed.

The musical feature was one of the

best and topical songs, choruses and

solos dedicated especially to those who

sat at tables were enjoyed during the

dinner. One of the musical skits was

the "Little Country Band," which par-

aded the hall like a political association.

The menu was the official ballot of the

Gridiron Club with several interesting

suggestions for the benefit of the as-

semblage.

Among the guests present were

Speaker Cannon, Vice President-elect

Fairbanks, Secretary Morton, Secretary

Metzger, Senators Aldrich, Allison, Bever-

idge, Cockerill, Dietrich, Dooliver, Elkins,

Foraker, Gorman, Newland, Platt,

of Connecticut; Scott, Representative

Adamson, Biedler, Burton, Cowherd,

Dalzell, Hemenway, Longworth, Mor-

rell, Sibley, Tawney, Watson, Governor

Myron T. Herrick, Ohio; Milton E.

Alles, Washington; Fredrick I. Allen,

Commissioner of Patents; Robert B.

Armstrong, assistant secretary of the

treasury; W. W. Baldwin, Chicago,

Burlington and Quincy; Frank N.

Barksdale, Pennsylvania railroad; Ben-

jamin F. Barnes, assistant secretary to

the President; Job Harnard, Justice Su-

preme court, District of Columbia; Cor-

nellus N. Bliss, New York; Brigadier

General Tasker H. Bliss, United States

Army; Emil L. Boas, Hamburg-Ameri-

can Line; George W. Boyd, Pennsylvania

railroad; Rear Admiral Bradford,

United States Army; Major General

John R. Brook, United States Army;

Charles F. Brooker, Connecticut; Hil-

ton U. Brown, Indianapolis News; L. S.

Brown, Southern Railway; Freiherr

von Busche-Haddenhausen German

ambassador; Alexander Butts, Kansas City

Star; Jesse Carmichael, Boston Herald;

Harry F. Cary, Southern Railway; H.

S. Chamberlain, Chattanooga; Delos

W. Cooke, Erie Railway; George B.

Cortelyou, chairman Republican na-

tional committee; former Senator

Henry G. Davis, West Virginia; Elmer

Dover, Secretary Republican national

committee; Irvin W. Dudley, United

States Minister to Peru; Charles H.

Duell, New York; Baron Carl von Gik-

ra, Austria-Hungary embassy; Charles

C. Glover, Washington, D. C.; Samuel

H. Hardwick Southern Railway; Frank

H. Hitchcock, Massachusetts; Samuel

R. Kirkpatrick and James H. Lambert,

Philadelphia Press; James H. Madry,

Baltimore and Ohio railroad; George

S. Mandell, Boston Transcript; D. B.

Martin, Baltimore and Ohio railroad;

Brookholt Mathewson, Colliers Week-

ly; John A. Merritt, postmaster, Wash-

ington, D. C.; Wright E. Montague,

Chattanooga; Captain John M. Moore,

United States Navy; J. Pierpont Mor-

gan, New York; Conde Nast, Colliers

Weekly; Theodore W. Hayes and Thos.

C. Noyes, Washington Star; George R.

Peck, Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul

railroad; Louis A. Pratt, assistant at-

torney general; Samuel R. Read, Chat-

tanooga; A. L. Reed, Atlantic Coast